Redacted

STEVEN BRASHEAR

19-3540

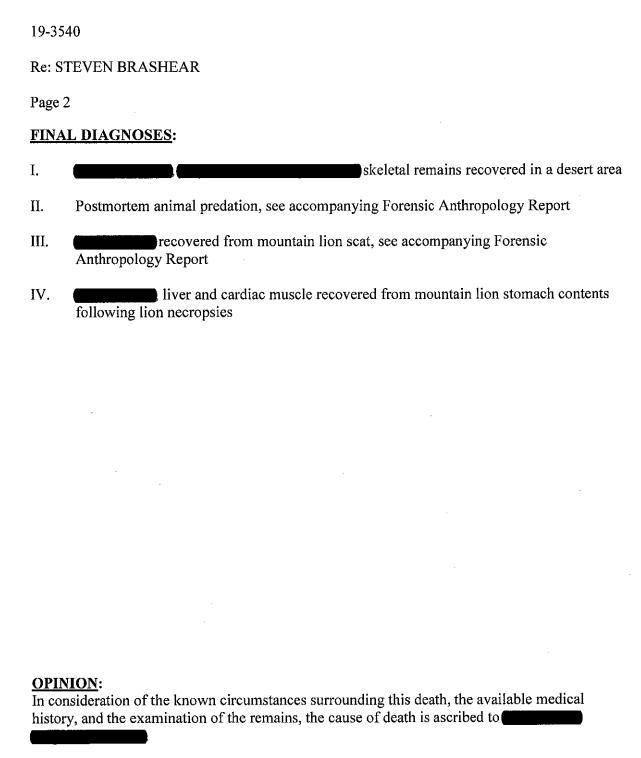
AUTOPSY REPORT

PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA

PIMA COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE

CASE # 191230167

JANUARY 2, 2020



Digitally signed by Gregory L. Hess, M.D. Forensic Pathologist Date: 2020.02.05 14:55:08 -07'00'

The manner of death

19-3540

Re: STEVEN BRASHEAR

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DATE OF DEATH:

December 30, 2019

TIME OF DEATH:

1622 Hours

DATE OF AUTOPSY:

January 2, 2020

TIME OF AUTOPSY:

0830 Hours

PLACE OF AUTOPSY:

Pima County Office of the Medical Examiner

2825 E District Street Tucson, Arizona 85714

PERFORMED BY:

Gregory L. Hess, M.D.

Forensic Pathologist

WITNESSED BY:

Louie Goad, Kayla Hare

Forensic Autopsy Technicians

Caitlin Vogelsberg, Ph.D. Forensic Anthropologist

Detectives Johnson and Dabb Pima County Sheriff's Office

Crime Scene Technician Brooks Pima County Sheriff's Office

Mark Frieberg

Arizona Game & Fish

HISTORY

This initially unidentified, 66-year-old man, was found along a hiking trail in Pima Canyon by cadaver dogs.

PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs are taken during the autopsy by Gregory L. Hess, M.D., Forensic Pathologist and Crime Scene Technician Brooks, Pima County Sheriff's Office.

IDENTIFICATION

The body is identified by fingerprint comparison, dental comparison, surgical hardware and circumstantial information.

CLOTHING

No clothing accompanies the remains.

19-3540

Re: STEVEN BRASHEAR

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EVIDENCE OF MEDICAL INTERVENTION There is no evidence of medical intervention.

POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION
The remains are received in a series of white body bags with the outermost bag sealed with Pima County seal numbered 12330. The remains consist of various skeletal elements of an apparent
adult human male and fragments of decomposed residual soft tissue such as skin and adipose
tissue.
dental implant is recovered on the surface.
A section of skin, likely from the back and buttocks is received with the remains Some residual adipose, likely intestinal tissue and distal phalanx of a thumb are also received. The skin, adipose and intestinal tissues weigh 4940 grams in aggregate. There is significant postmortem animal activity. Evidence of postmortem insect activity includes fly larvae. See the accompanying Forensic Anthropology report for further information.
MOUNTAIN LION STOMACH CONTENTS On January 3, 2020 Arizona Game and Fish representatives transported the stomach contents of three mountain lions obtained during the course of postmortem examinations performed on the lions in Phoenix on January 2, 2020. The stomach contents were examined at the PCOME on January 6, 2020 at approximately 0900 hours. Witnessing the examination were Detectives Johnson and Dabb, and Crime Scene Technician Brooks. Participating in the examination was Dr. Vogelsberg and myself. The stomach contents were separated into three bags labeled adult female – 01, sub-adult male – 02, and sub-adult male – 03. 01 bag contained and unidentifiable debris. 02 bag contained scant unidentifiable debris. 03 bag including a portion of thumb, non-human skeletal remains and unidentifiable debris. A portion of from 01 was sen for toxicology testing.
TOVICOLOCY

TOXICOLOGY
See separate toxicology report.



Testing Report Web: www.axisfortox.com

Phone: (317) 759-4TOX

Laboratory Case Number:

3185500

Subject's Name: NOT INDICATED, UNIDENTIFIED

Client Account: 13398 / FSC01-HESS

Report To: Forensic Science Center

ATTN: EMR

2825 E. District Street

Tucson, AZ 85714

FX: 520-724-8610

Agency Case #: 19-3540

Date of Death: 12/30/2019

Test Reason: Not given

Investigator: TH

Date Received: 01/07/2020

Date Reported: 01/23/2020

Laboratory Specimen No:

40834315

Date Collected: 01/06/2020 10:00

Container(s): 01:TISSUE Tissue,LIVER

Test(s): 70530T

Drugs of Abuse Panel, Tissue

	Qualitative	Quantitative	Reporting	Reference		
Analyte Name	Result	Result	Limit	Range	<u>Units</u>	Note
VOLATILES	Negative					
Methanol	Negative			Not Established		
Ethanol	Negative			Not Established		
Acetone	Negative			Not Established		
Isopropanol	Negative			Not Established		
AMPHETAMINES	Negative					
BARBITURATES	Negative					
BENZODIAZEPINES	Negative					
CANNABINOIDS	Negative					
HALLUCINOGENS	Negative					
MUSCLE RELAXANTS	Negative					
OPIOID ANALGESICS	POSITIVE			•		
Oxycodone	POSITIVE					
STIMULANTS	Negative					•

Specimens will be kept for at least one year from the date of initial report.

The Specimen identified by the Laboratory Specimen Number has been handled and analyzed in accordance with all applicable requirements.

Laboratory Director

NOT INDICATED, UNIDENTIFIED

Case Reviewer

George S. Behonick, Ph.D., F-ABFT

Laboratory Case #:3185500 Print Date/Time:01/23/2020, 08:45

Page: 1 of 1

This individual may not have performed any of the analytical work.

Levinge S. Behorick

FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY REPORT

PCOME case #: 19-3540
PCOME Pathologist: Dr. Greg Hess
Agency: Pima County Sheriff's Office
Agency case #: 191230167

On December 30, 2019, human remains were located in a desert area off the Pima Canyon Trail near Oro Valley, AZ by Pima County Sheriff's Office (PCSO) Search and Rescue Officers. Due to animal activity, mountain lions, only the trailhead was secured until the morning of December 31, 2019. At that time, Dr. Vollner and I were asked to respond to the scene of 19-3540 and assist in the continued search and recovery of the remains of the unidentified individual.

We arrived at the Pima Canyon Trailhead at approximately 0900 and were greeted by representatives from PCSO and Arizona Game and Fish. At approximately 0915 we followed the trail with an Arizona Game and Fish Officer and were met by another PCSO Officer at the junction to the scene, which was located off trail. At the scene were representatives from Oro Valley PD, PCSO, AZ Game and Fish, and PCSO Search and Rescue. PCSO Sgt. Jill Isley briefed us on the approximate timeline of when the presumed decedent was last seen and what directed them to this area. We were also given a brief overview of the scene, which was in the process of being documented by PCSO forensic technicians.

process of being documented by PCSO forensic technicians.
We assisted in locating additional fragments of human remains, identifying and
documenting previously flagged remains, and surveying the scene for any further evidence
pertinent to the recovery. During this process,
Most of the
remains exhibited evidence of carnivore damage and exposure to the environmental conditions.
remains exhibited evidence of carmivore damage and exposure to the environmental conditions.
We departed the scene at approximately 1330 and PCSO coordinated transportation of
the remains to the Pima County Office of the Medical Examiner (PCOME) that same day.
At the PCOME, Dr. Greg Hess conducted a postmortem examination on January 2, 2020
and requested a more in-depth anthropological examination. From January 2 to 14, I examined
the case with the primary purposes of aiding in the identification of the decedent, analyzing
evidence of taphonomic processes, and assessing the remains for perimortem trauma.
Skeletal radiographs were taken by PCOME morgue staff and reviewed by me with no

DEXIS digital radiographs and

notable findings.

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photographs of the decedent's dentition were taken by me, as well as photographs pertaining to the anthropological analysis. Two osseous samples from the were resected for potential DNA testing, with one released to PCSO Det. Johnson and one retained at the PCOME.

Recovery Overview of 19-3540

Scene Recovery Inventor	ory	ory
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The majority of the remains associated with 19-3540 were recovered from the scene (see
Skeletal Diagram). These elements included the
partial thumb. A fragment of the left
scapula was later recovered by OVPD and transported to our office on January 3, 2020. Not
present nor well represented were
The thumb was processed and printed by morgue staff to aid in
potential fingerprint analysis.
Also recovered from the scene were fragments of human remains from several mountain
lion scat piles. The contents of the scat were examined at the scene with only pertinent materials
collected for laboratory analysis. In total, 62 were recovered from
the scat, including both discernable and non-discernible boney elements.

Mountain Lion Necropsy Recovery Inventory

Arizona Game and Fish retained the stomach and upper gastrointestinal (GI) tract contents of the three mountain lions believed to be associated with the postmortem damage observed on this case during their necropsy procedures. The evidence was delivered to the PCOME on January 3, 2020 for our review.

Adult female

The stomach contents of the adult female contained 38 boney fragments. Most appear to be nonhuman due to size, morphology, and the presence of large pieces of tissue containing nonhuman fur amongst the contents. Several of the rib fragments were possibly from an adult human, but due to fragmentation and plastic deformation it is difficult to determine.

7	• 7	11 1
.Juve	nue	#1

cost . 1 1	upper GI contents	0 0.1	• • • • • •	_
The stemped and	LINAMAN (AL AANTANTA	tram and at the	HITTONIDO AANTAINOA	
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I II O OCCITION II WITO	apper or contente.	TIOIII CAID OF MIC		
			J ** *	

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19-3540 Dr. Hess
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Othor fragments, including a
Other fragments, including a possible nonhuman rib, were observed but not identifiable.
Juvenile #2
The material provided by AZ Game and Fish for the second juvenile did not contain any discernable human materials.
Postmortem Damage Analysis of 19-3540
Taphonomic Alterations
Extensive taphonomic damage in the form of animal scavenging was observed on the remains, consistent with a large carnivore. Every element exhibited some degree of damage, ranging from isolated puncture marks, to complete boney feature destruction or epiphyseal loss, to Most of the damage was present on the epiphyseal ends of the long bones at joint articulations and in the thoracic region. Two large spiral fractures and three smaller associated fractures were present on the left and resulted in five fragments of bone. Other elements present in multiple fragments included the

The dental enamel of teeth # 8, 9, 10, & 15 also exhibited probable postmortem breakage and loss; while portions of the porcelain-fused-to-metal crown on

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tooth #31 were potentially lost postmortem.	
	The mandibular portions recovered were
the	

Dental Examination of 19-3540

At the dental examination of 19-3540 (see Dental Chart), 17 teeth were present for observation.

Teeth # 16, 29, and 30 were absent antemortem and tooth # 1 and 32 were present but impacted. The crowns of teeth # 8 – 10, and 15 had postmortem damage and loss.

Composite restorations were present on several teeth including #'s (with surfaces): 2 (MO), 3 (O, MO), 14 (O, MO), and 31 (O). A porcelain-fused-to-metal crown (with some porcelain damage and loss) was also present on tooth # 31 in addition to a three-rooted endodontic treatment.

While tooth # 29 was missing antemortem, a cylindrical, threaded, straight dental implant fixture was in its place.

Comparative Dental Analysis

On January 2, 2020, I received the antemortem dental records and panoramic dental radiograph for "Brashear, Steven" dated 11-08-19 from Dr. Craig Cochran of Bartlesville, Oklahoma. On January 3, I received digital DEXIS radiographs for "Brashear, Steve M" dated 9/10/19 from Dr. Brecheisen of Bartlesville, Oklahoma.

On January 17, I compared these antemortem records of Mr. **Steven Brashear** to postmortem dental radiographs taken by me of 19-3540. The Comparison Table below highlights the consistencies and inconsistencies of my examination.

COMPARISON TABLE

Tooth	Antemortem Records of	Consistency	Postmortem Exam of
#	Steven Brashear	•	19-3540
1	* Impacted	Yes	Present and impacted
2	+ Indiscernible	/	MO composite restoration
3	+ Possible restorations	Yes	O, MO composite restorations
4	Indiscernible	/	Natural
5	Indiscernible	/	Natural
6	Indiscernible	/	Natural
7	Indiscernible	/	Natural
8	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
9	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
10	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
11	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
12	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
13	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
14	+ 2 restorations	Yes	O, MO composite restoration
15	+ Natural	Yes	Natural
16	* Missing AM	Yes	Missing AM
17	*Impacted	/	N/A
18	*Crown	/	N/A
19	*Missing AM	/	N/A
20	*Implanted post	/	N/A
21	Indiscernible	/	N/A
22	Indiscernible	/	N/A
23	+ Natural	/	N/A
24	+ Natural	/	N/A
25	+ Natural	/	N/A
26	+ Natural	/	N/A
27	Indiscernible	/	N/A
28	* Implanted post	/	N/A
29	* Implanted post	Yes	Implanted post
30	+ Missing AM	Yes	Missing AM
31	+ Crown and endodontic treatments	/	PFM crown, 3 endodontic treatments, composite restoration (O)
32	* Impacted	Yes	Impacted
		1	

^{*} denotes panoramic radiograph used + denotes DEXIS radiographs used

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In addition, the following radiographic consistencies were documented between the antemortem radiographic images of Mr. Steven Brashear and the DEXIS images taken at the PCOME of 19-3540:

- The size, shape, and position of the crown and endodontic treatments on tooth #31;
- The size, shape, and position of the restorations on tooth # 14; and
- The pulp chamber and crown morphology of tooth # 15.

Conclusions

PCOME case 19-3540 consisted of the fragmented remains of a single individual recovered from a desert area. The only inconsistencies present were those between the antemortem dental records, and can be explained by those submitted by Dr. Craig Cochran were taken at a later date (11/08/19) than those submitted by Dr. Brecheisen (9/10/19), and following subsequent dental treatments on Mr. Brashear.

It is my professional opinion, based on the comparison of antemortem and postmortem radiographic dental images and charts, that the remains designated as 19-3540 cannot be excluded as the person known as "Steven Mark Brashear" (DOB: 11/15/1953).

General Description

PCOME case 19-3540 consisted of the skeletonized remains of a single individual recovered from Pima Canyon near Oro Valley, AZ. This individual was identified via multiple means including comparative fingerprint analysis, dental radiograph comparison, and circumstantial evidence as **Steven Mark Brashear** (DOB: 11/15/1953). This individual was exposed to the environment where carnivore scavenging can be attributed to the aforementioned observed taphonomic damage.

Digitally signed by Caitlin CM Vogelsberg Ph.D. Forensic Anthropologist Date: 2020.02.05 14:44:59 -07'00'

Caitlin CM Vogelsberg, Ph.D.

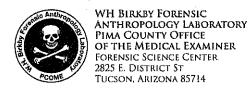
Date

Forensic Anthropology Post-Doctoral Fellow

Enclosures:

Skeletal Diagram Dental Diagram Cranial Diagram Forensic Anthropology Report 19-3540 Dr. Hess Page 7 of 9

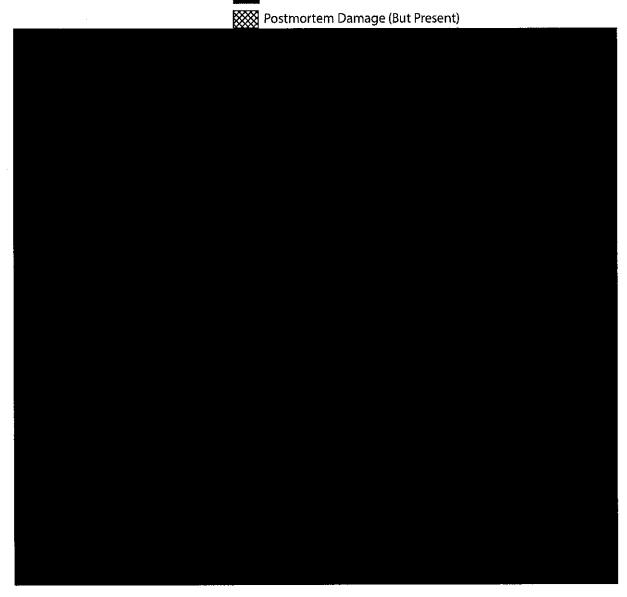
Skeletal Diagram



CASE: <u>19-3540</u>

DATE: 10 January 2020

Scene Recovered Elements



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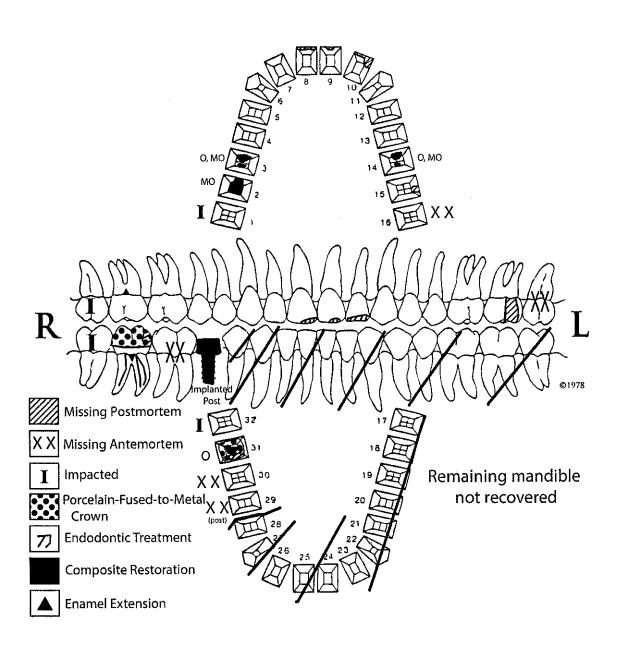
Dental Diagram



WH BIRKBY FORENSIC
ANTHROPOLOGY LABORATORY
PIMA COUNTY OFFICE
OF THE MEDICAL EXAMINER
FORENSIC SCIENCE CENTER
2825 E. DISTRICT ST
TUCSON, ARIZONA 85714

CASE: 19-3540

DATE: 7 January 2020



Forensic Anthropology Report 19-3540 Dr. Hess Page 9 of 9



WH BIRKBY FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY LABORATORY PIMA COUNTY OFFICE OF THE MEDICAL EXAMINER FORENSIC SCIENCE CENTER 2825 E. DISTRICT ST TUCSON, ARIZONA 85714

CASE: <u>19-3540</u>

DATE: 22 January 2020

Missing Postmortem

